

# Respiratory System Pharmacology

Key medications for respiratory conditions and their clinical applications.

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# Beta-2 Adrenergic Agonists



Albuterol

Treats asthma and COPD



Nursing Care

Monitor respiratory status and pulse



Mode of Action

Relaxes bronchial smooth muscles



Patient Teaching

Rinse mouth after use



# Anticholinergics

#### Ipratropium

Treats COPD and bronchospasm

#### Mode of Action

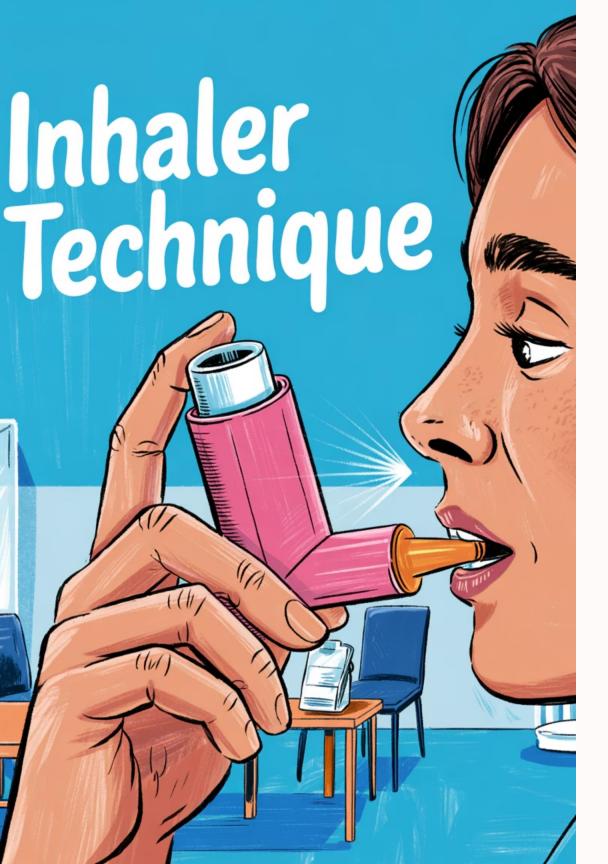
Blocks acetylcholine receptors in bronchial smooth muscles

#### **Nursing Care**

Assess respiratory status before and after administration

#### Patient Teaching

Take consistently; rinse mouth after use



### Corticosteroids





Treats chronic asthma and COPD



Nursing Care

Monitor for infection and oral thrush



Mode of Action

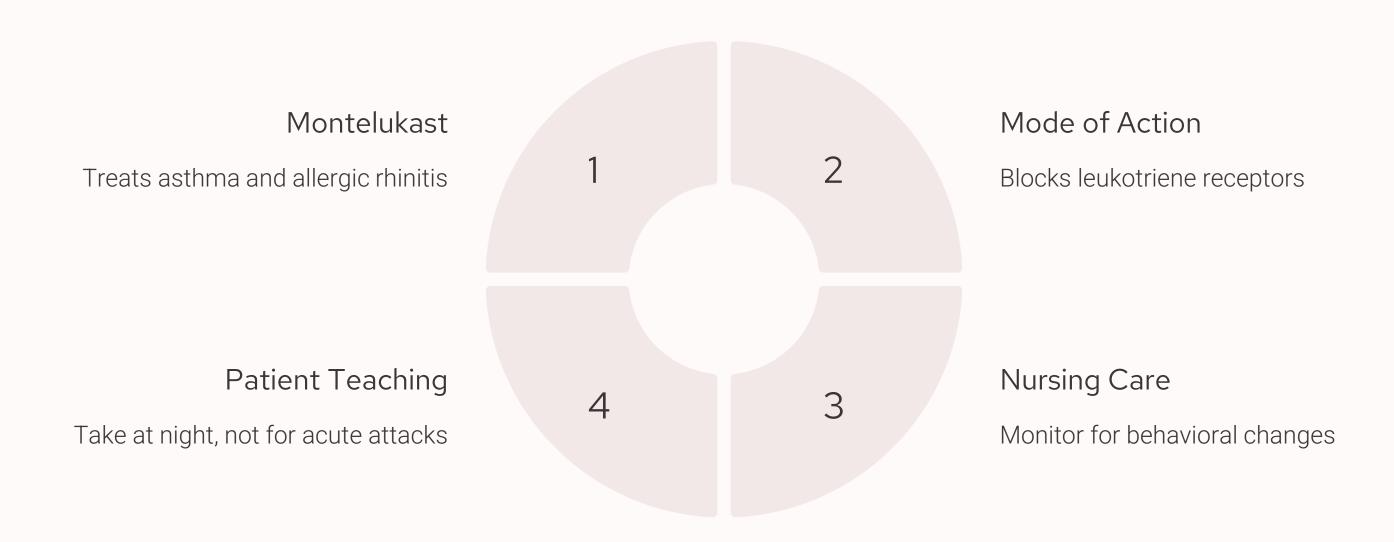
Reduces airway inflammation



Patient Teaching

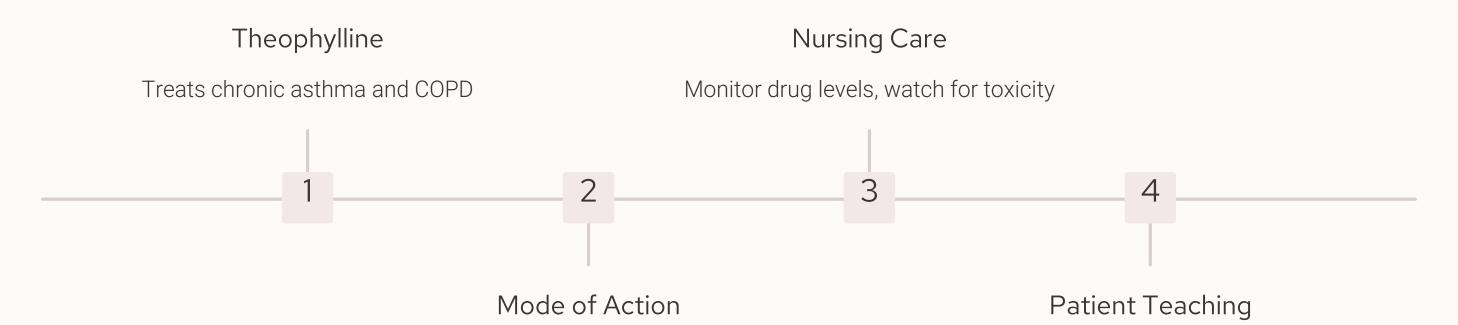
Not for acute attacks

### Leukotriene Modifiers



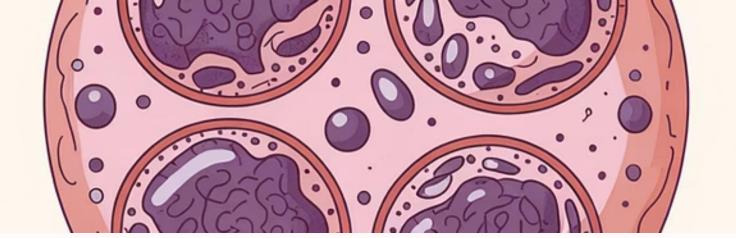


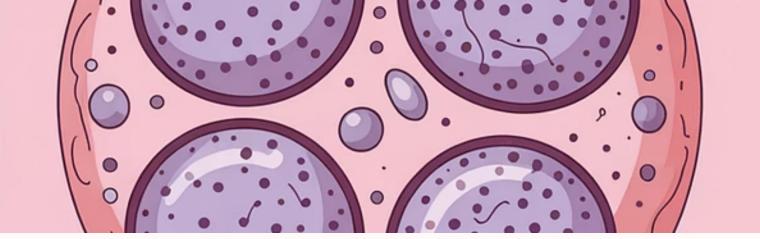
# Methylxanthines



Avoid caffeine; regular blood tests needed

Relaxes bronchial smooth muscle





#### Mast Cell Stabilizers



#### Cromolyn

Used for asthma prophylaxis



#### Mode of Action

Prevents histamine release from mast cells



#### Nursing Care

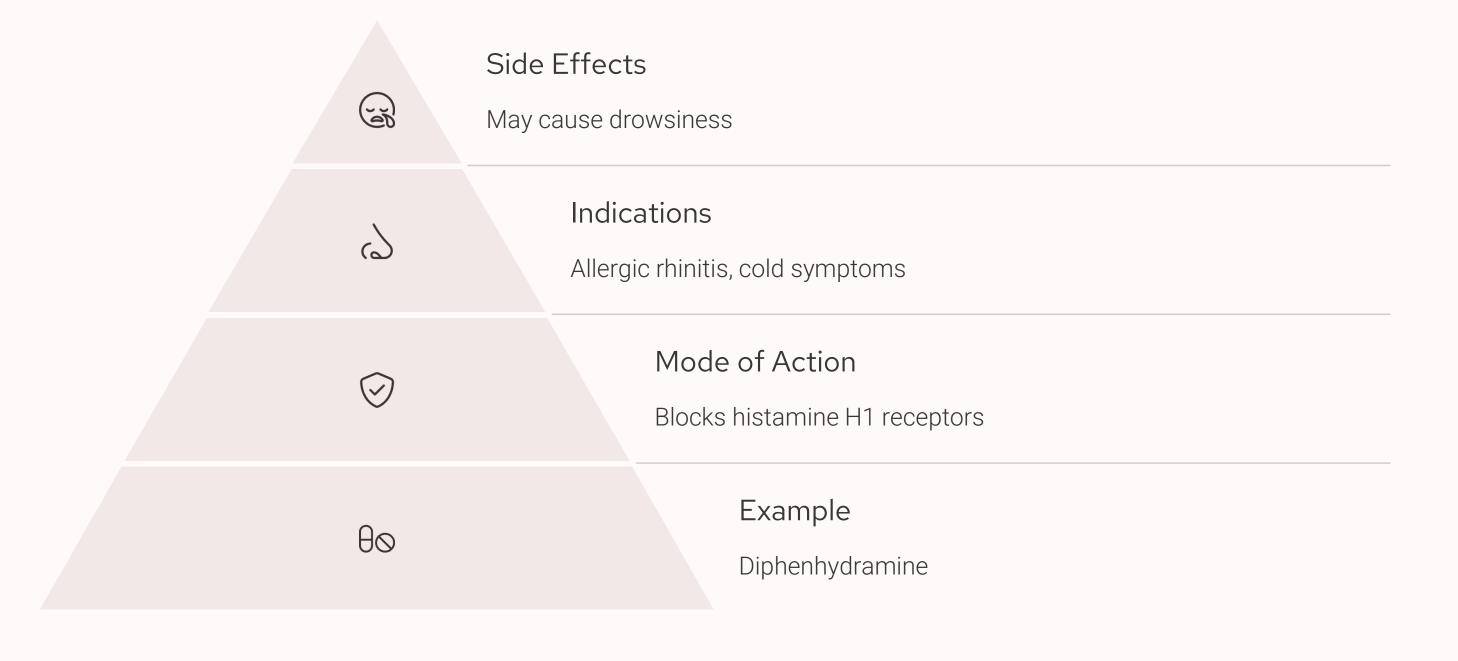
Assess respiratory status and effectiveness



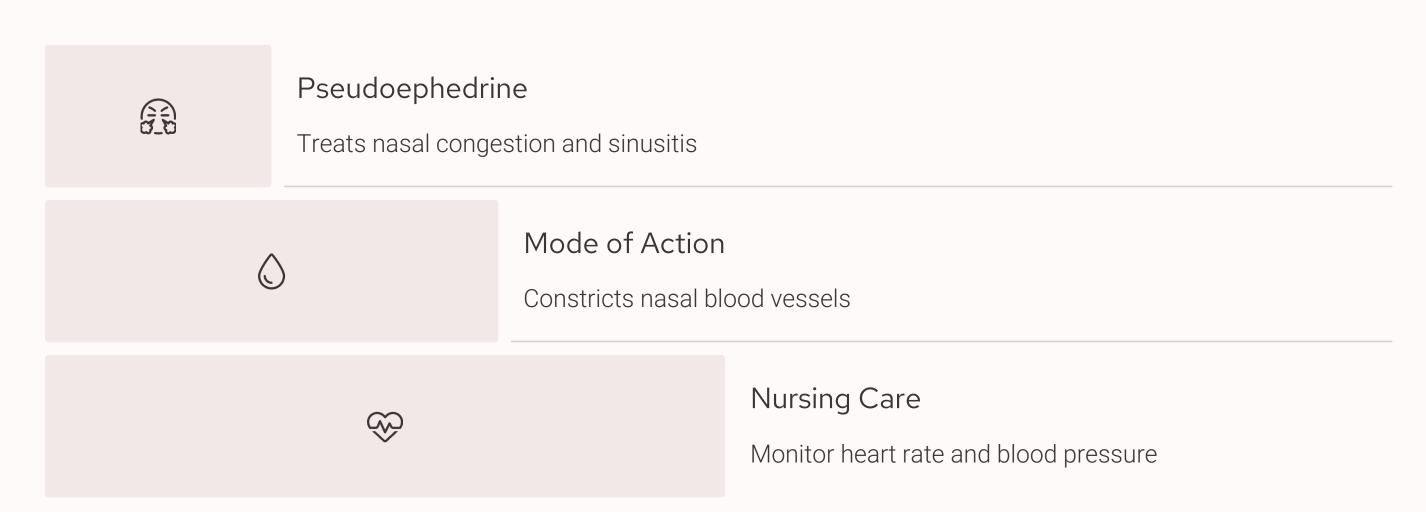
#### Patient Teaching

Use regularly; not for acute attacks

## Antihistamines



# Decongestants



# Expectorants

Guaifenesin

Treats productive cough

Mode of Action

Increases respiratory tract fluid, thins mucus

Nursing Care

Encourage hydration

Patient Teaching

Drink plenty of fluids



### Antitussives



Treats non-productive cough

#### Patient Teaching

Not for productive cough; avoid alcohol



#### Mode of Action

Suppresses cough reflex in brain

#### Nursing Care

Monitor for dizziness and sedation